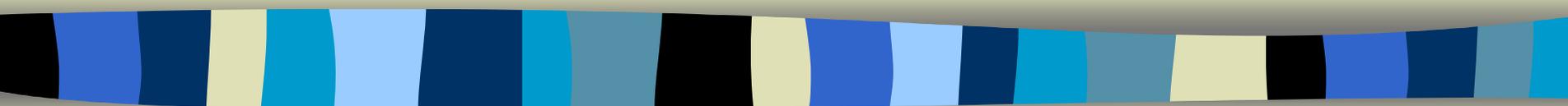


Spectrum Buyouts

A Proposal for the Transition to Open Spectrum



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FCC: “Exclusive Rights” Approach

- SPTF: end of “command and control”
 - Technically progressive
 - Economically poor
 - Circularity: justify exclusive rights by “scarcity” created by exclusion
- Property rights for frequency
 - + Incentives for incumbents to relocate
 - Segmentation and monopoly

False Theories

- Faulhaber-Farber: confused
 - Sticks to legacy technologies
 - Trading private property -> commons?
 - Buyers buy the assets that will become worthless
 - Or **monopolize** them by proprietary protocols
- “Big Bang” auctions (Kwerell-Williams)
 - Buying and selling simultaneously
 - Dangerous and Irreversible
(e.g., 700MHz, NextWave)

Spectrum: Neither Property nor Commons

excludable

non-excludable

rival

Private goods

Common Pool
 Resources (CPR)
 road, park, fishery

non-
 rival

Club goods
 software
 subscription services

Public goods
 national defense
 mathematical theorem

“Commons” Approach

- Open spectrum as public use
 - Technically efficient
 - Politically difficult
- No valuation and priority
 - Congestion and interference
 - Infinite bandwidth: OK, but how?
- No incentives for relocation
 - Lack of mechanism to take back spectrum

Spectrum Buyout

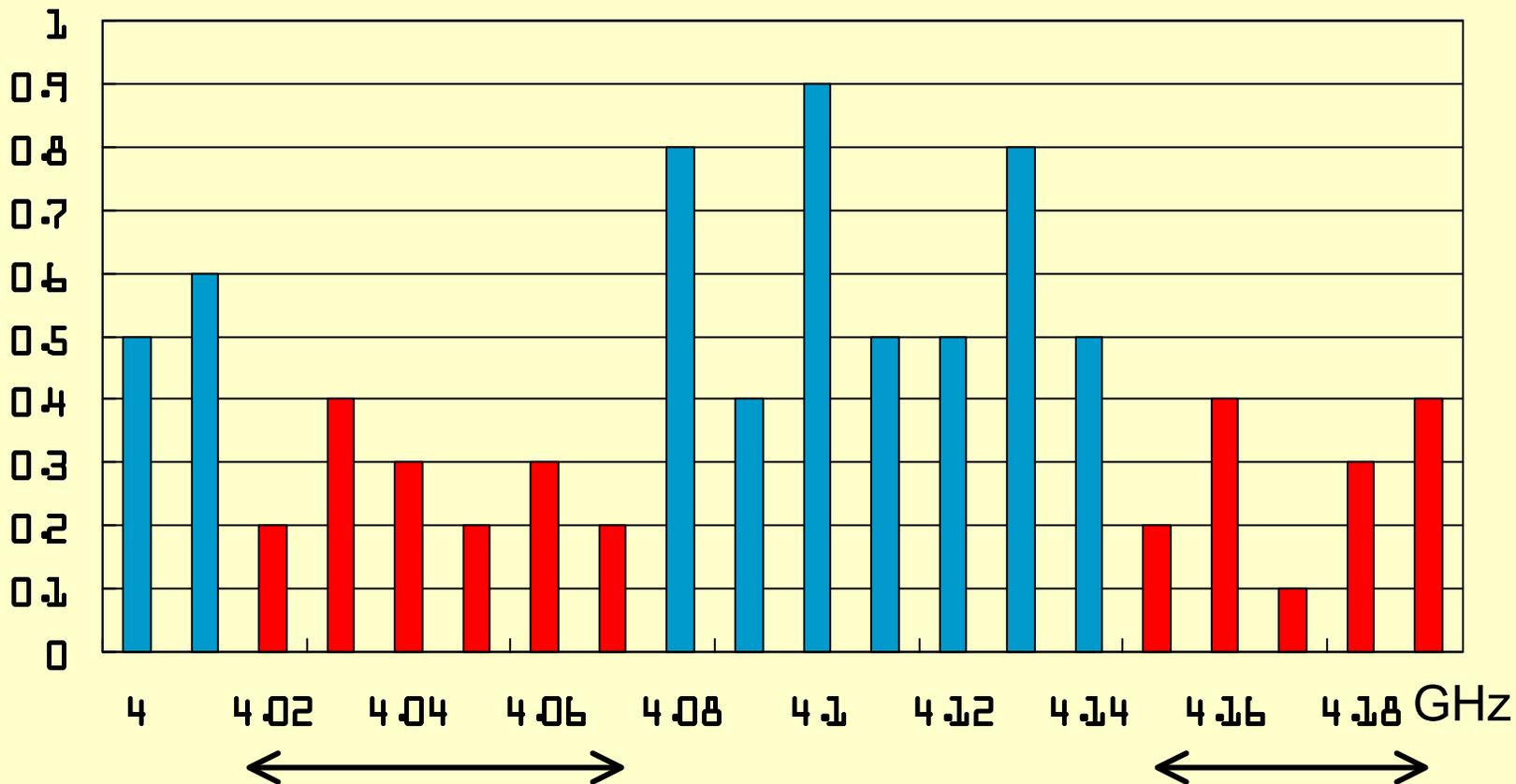
- Transition strategy
 - Providing incentives without monopoly
- Reverse auction by government
 - Buying the spectrum from incumbents
 - Release for unlicensed band
- Expense:
 - General account
 - “radio tax” for all terminals/Hz

Auction Design

- The **lowest** bidder per band: winner
 - PCS auctions: the most efficient user
 - Reverse auctions: the **least efficient** user
- Band should be vacated nationwide
 - Price: **sum of bidders**
- Continuous band is valuable
 - Requirement for the **minimum bandwidth**

Bids for the Band Groups (example)

Billion yen



Bids will approach equipment prices

- Bid = opportunity cost

- $Q_k(x) = v_k + (1-q)v_k + (1-q)^2v_k + \dots + (1-q)^xv_k + z_k$
- q : probability of taking
- v : monopoly rent
- z : value of equipment

- Equilibrium price

- $p^* = v_k/q + z_k \longrightarrow v_k + z_k \longrightarrow z_k$

Hybrid Approach

