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SUBROUTINE LRPROP(D)
C      COMPUTES AREF, THE REFERENCE VALUE OF RADIO ATTENUATION
C      VERSION 1.2.1 (AUG 71/MAR 77/APR 79)
C      OF THE LONGLEY-RICE (1968) MODEL
C      PRINCIPAL CHANGES-
C          1.1. A SIMPLIFICATION OF THE LINE-OF-SIGHT AND SCATTER
C              ROUTINES
C          1.2. A CHANGE IN THE LINE-OF-SIGHT ROUTINE AND IN THE
C              SUBSEQUENT CALCULATIONS. RESULTS ARE IMPROVED WHEN
C              ONE OR BOTH ANTENNAS ARE HIGH.
C      VALID ONLY FOR...
C      FREQUENCIES BETWEEN 20 MHZ AND 20 GHZ
C      ANTENNA HEIGHTS BETWEEN 0.5 M AND 3000 M
C      ELEVATION ANGLES LESS THAN 200 MRAD
C
COMMON/PROP/KWX,AREF,MDP,DIST,HG(2),WN,DH,ENS,GME,ZGND,
X   HE(2),DL(2),THE(2)
      COMPLEX ZGND
COMMON/PROPA/DLSA,DX,AEL,AK1,AK2,AED,EMD,AES,EMS,DLS(2),DLA,THA
C
COMMON/SAVE/SAVA(6),WLOS,WSCAT,DMIN,XAE,SAVB(40)
C
LOGICAL WLOS,WSCAT
C
DATA THIRD/0.3333333/
C
IF(MDP) 10,32,10
C
10  CONTINUE
DO 11 J=1,2
11  DLS(J)=SQRT(2.*HE(J)/GME)
DLSA=DLS(1)+DLS(2)
DLA=DL(1)+DL(2)
THA=AMAX1(THE(1)+THE(2),-DLA*GME)
WLOS=.FALSE.
WSCAT=.FALSE.
C
C      CHECK PARAMETER RANGES
IF(ENS .LT. 250. .OR. ENS .GT. 400.) GO TO 154
IF(GME .LT. 75E-9 .OR. GME .GT. 250E-9) GO TO 154
IF(REAL(ZGND) .LE. ABS(AIMAG(ZGND))) GO TO 154
DO 121 J=1,2
IF(ABS(THE(J)) .GT. 200E-3) GO TO 153
IF(DL(J) .LT. 0.1*DLS(J) .OR. DL(J) .GT. 3.*DLS(J))
X   GO TO 153
121  CONTINUE
IF(WN .LT. 0.838 .OR. WN .GT. 210.) GO TO 151
DO 122 J=1,2
IF(HG(J) .LT. 1. .OR. HG(J) .GT. 1000.) GO TO 151
122  CONTINUE
GO TO 158
153  KWX=MAX0(KWX,3)
151  KWX=MAX0(KWX,1)

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        IF(WN .LT. 0.419 .OR. WN .GT. 420.) GO TO 154
        DO 132 J=1,2
          IF(HG(J) .LT. 0.5 .OR. HG(J) .GT. 3000.) GO TO 154
132      CONTINUE
        GO TO 158
154      KWX=4
158      CONTINUE
        DMIN=ABS(HE(1)-HE(2))/200E-3

C
C      COEFFICIENTS FOR THE DIFFRACTION RANGE
C
        Q=ADIFF(0.)
        XAE=(WN*GME**2)**(-THIRD)
        D3=AMAX1(DLSA, 1.3787*XAE+DLA)
        D4=D3+2.7574*XAE
        A3=ADIFF(D3)
        A4=ADIFF(D4)
        EMD=(A4-A3)/(D4-D3)
        AED=A3-EMD*D3

C
        IF(MDP) 33,32,31
31      MDP=0
32      DIST=D
        IF(DIST .LE. 0.) GO TO 38
33      CONTINUE
        IF(DIST .GT. 1000E3) KWX=MAX0(KWX,1)
        IF(DIST .LT. DMIN) KWX=MAX0(KWX,3)
        IF(DIST .LT. 1E3 .OR. DIST .GT. 2000E3) KWX=4
38      CONTINUE

C
        IF(DIST .GE. DLSA) GO TO 50
C
        IF(WLOS) GO TO 48

C
C      COEFFICIENTS FOR THE LINE-OF-SIGHT RANGE
C
        Q=ALOS(0.)
        D2=DLSA
        A2=AED+D2*EMD
        D0=1.908*WN*HE(1)*HE(2)
        IF(AED .LT. 0.) GO TO 41
          D0=AMIN1(D0,0.5*DLA)
          D1=D0+0.25*(DLA-D0)
          GO TO 42
41      D1=AMAX1(-AED/EMD,0.25*DLA)
42      A1=ALOS(D1)
        IF(D0 .GE. D1) GO TO 43
          A0=ALOS(D0)
          Q=ALOG(D2/D0)
          AK2=AMAX1(0.,((D2-D0)*(A1-A0)-(D1-D0)*(A2-A0))/
X            ((D2-D0)*ALOG(D1/D0)-(D1-D0)*Q))
        IF(AK2 .GT. 0.) GO TO 44
        IF(AED .GE. 0.) GO TO 44

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43      AK2=0.
        AK1=(A2-A1)/(D2-D1)
        IF(AK1 .GT. 0.) GO TO 46
        GO TO 45
44      AK1=(A2-A0-AK2*Q)/(D2-D0)
        IF(AK1 .GE. 0.) GO TO 46
        AK1=0.
        AK2=DIM(A2,A0)/Q
        IF(AK2 .GT. 0.) GO TO 46
45      AK1=EMD
46      AEL=A2-AK1*D2-AK2*ALOG(D2)
        WLOS=.TRUE.
48      IF(DIST .LE. 0.) GO TO 50
        AREF=AEL+AK1*DIST+AK2*ALOG(DIST)
        GO TO 60
C
50      IF(WSCAT) GO TO 58
C
C          COEFFICIENTS FOR THE SCATTER RANGE
C
51      Q=ASCAT(0.)
        D5=DLA+200E3
        D6=D5+200E3
        A6=ASCAT(D6)
        A5=ASCAT(D5)
        IF(A5 .LT. 1000.) GO TO 51
            EMS=EMD
            AES=AED
            DX=10E6
            GO TO 52
51      EMS=(A6-A5)/200E3
        DX=AMAX1(DLSA,DLA+0.3*XAE*ALOG(47.7*WN),
X          (A5-AED-EMS*D5)/(EMD-EMS))
        AES=(EMD-EMS)*DX+AED
52      WSCAT=.TRUE.
C
58      IF(DIST .GT. DX) GO TO 59
        AREF=AED+EMD*DIST
        GO TO 60
59      AREF=AES+EMS*DIST
C
60      AREF=DIM(AREF,0.)
        RETURN
        END

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FUNCTION ADIFF(D)
C   THE *DIFFRACTION ATTENUATION* AT DISTANCE D
C   A CONVEX COMBINATION OF SMOOTH EARTH DIFFRACTION AND
C   DOUBLE KNIFE-EDGE DIFFRACTION
C   A CALL WITH D=0 SETS UP INITIAL CONSTANTS
C

COMMON/PROP/KWX,AREF,MDP,DIST,HG(2),WN,DH,ENS,GME,ZGND,
X   HE(2),DL(2),THE(2)
      COMPLEX ZGND
COMMON/PROPA/DLSA,DX,AEL,AK1,AK2,AED,EMD,AES,EMS,DLS(2),DLA,THA
C
COMMON/SAVE/WD1,XD1,AFO,QK,AHT,XHT,SAVE(44)
C
DATA THIRD/0.333333/
C
IF(D .GT. 0.) GO TO 10
C
Q=HG(1)*HG(2)
QK=HE(1)*HE(2)-Q
IF(MDP .LT. 0) Q=Q+10.
WD1=SQRT(1.+QK/Q)
XD1=DLA+THA/GME
Q=(1.-0.8*EXP(-DLSA/50E3))*DH
Q=0.78*Q*EXP(-(Q/16.)**0.25)
AFO=AMIN1(15.,2.171* ALOG(1.+4.77E-4*HG(1)*HG(2)*WN*Q))
QK=1./CABS(ZGND)
AHT=20.
XHT=0.
DO 1 J=1,2
    A=0.5*DL(J)**2/HE(J)
    WA=(A*WN)**THIRD
    PK=QK/WA
    Q=(1.607-PK)*151.0*WA*DL(J)/A
    XHT=XHT+Q
    AHT=AHT+FHT(Q,PK)
1 CONTINUE
ADIFF=0.
GO TO 80
C
10 CONTINUE
TH=THA+D*GME
DS=D-DLA
Q=0.0795775*WN*DS*TH**2
ADIFF=AKNFE(Q*DL(1)/(DS+DL(1)))+AKNFE(Q*DL(2)/(DS+DL(2)))
A=DS/TH
WA=(A*WN)**THIRD
PK=QK/WA
Q=(1.607-PK)*151.0*WA*TH+XHT
AR=0.05751*Q-4.343*ALOG(Q)-AHT
Q=(WD1+XD1/D)*AMIN1(((1.-0.8*EXP(-D/50E3))*DH*WN),6283.2)
WD=25.1/(25.1+SQRT(Q))
ADIFF=(AR-ADIFF)*WD+ADIFF+AFO
80 RETURN
END

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FUNCTION ALOS(D)
C      THE *LINE-OF-SIGHT ATTENUATION* AT DISTANCE D
C      A CONVEX COMBINATION OF PLANE EARTH FIELDS AND
C      DIFFRACTED FIELDS
C      A CALL WITH D=0 SETS UP INITIAL CONSTANTS
C
C      COMMON/PROP/KWX,AREF,MDP,DIST,HG(2),WN,DH,ENS,GME,ZGND,
X      HE(2),DL(2),THE(2)
      COMPLEX ZGND
      COMMON/PROPA/DLSA,DX,AEL,AK1,AK2,AED,EMD,AES,EMS,DLS(2),DLA,THA
C
C      COMMON/SAVE/WLS,SAVE(49)
C
C      COMPLEX R
C
C      ABQ(R)=REAL(R)**2+AIMAG(R)**2
C
C      IF(D .GT. 0.) GO TO 10
C
C      WLS=0.021/(0.021+WN*D/A MAX1(10E3,DLSA))
      ALOS=0.
      GO TO 80
C
10    CONTINUE
      Q=(1.-0.8*EXP(-D/50E3))*DH
      S=0.78*Q*EXP(-(Q/16.)**0.25)
      Q=HE(1)+HE(2)
      SPS=Q/SQRT(D**2+Q**2)
      R=(SPS-ZGND)/(SPS+ZGND)*EXP(-WN*S*SPS)
      Q=ABQ(R)
      IF(Q .LT. 0.25 .OR. Q .LT. SPS) R=R*SQRT(SPS/Q)
      ALOS=EMD*D+AED
      Q=WN*HE(1)*HE(2)*2./D
      ALOS=(-4.343*ALOG(ABQ(CMPLX(COS(Q),-SIN(Q))+R))-ALOS)*WLS+ALOS
C
80    RETURN
END

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FUNCTION ASCAT(D)
C      THE *SCATTER ATTENUATION* AT DISTANCE D
C      USES AN APPROXIMATION TO THE METHODS OF NBS TN101 WITH
C      CHECKS FOR INADMISSABLE SITUATIONS
C      FOR PROPER OPERATION, THE LARGER DISTANCE (D=D6)
C      MUST BE THE FIRST CALLED
C      A CALL WITH D=0 SETS UP INITIAL CONSTANTS
C
C      COMMON/PROP/KWX,AREF,MDP,DIST,HG(2),WN,DH,ENS,GME,ZGND,
X      HE(2),DL(2),THE(2)
      COMPLEX ZGND
      COMMON/PROPA/DLSA,DX,AEL,AK1,AK2,AED,EMD,AES,EMS,DLS(2),DLA,THA
C
      COMMON/SAVE/AD,RR,ETQ,H0S,SAVE(46)
C
      IF(D .GT. 0.) GO TO 10
C
      AD=DL(1)-DL(2)
      RR=HE(2)/HE(1)
      IF(AD) 1,2,2
      1      AD=-AD
             RR=1./RR
      2      ETQ=(5.67E-6*ENS-2.32E-3)*ENS+0.031
             H0S=-15.
             ASCAT=0.
             GO TO 80
C
      10     CONTINUE
             IF(H0S .GT. 15.) GO TO 12
             TH=THE(1)+THE(2)+D*GME
             R2=2.*WN*TH
             R1=R2*HE(1)
             R2=R2*HE(2)
             IF(R1 .GT. 0.2 .OR. R2 .GT. 0.2) GO TO 11
             ASCAT=1001.
             GO TO 80
      11     SS=(D-AD)/(D+AD)
             Q=RR/SS
             SS=AMAX1(0.1,SS)
             Q=AMIN1(AMAX1(0.1,Q),10.)
             Z0=(D-AD)*(D+AD)*TH*0.25/D
             ET=(ETQ*EXP(-AMIN1(1.7,Z0/8.0E3)**6)+1.)*Z0/1.7556E3
             ETT=AMAX1(ET,1.)
             H0=(H0F(R1,ETT)+H0F(R2,ETT))*0.5
             H0=H0+AMIN1(H0,(1.38- ALOG(ETT))*ALOG(SS)*ALOG(Q)*0.49)
             H0=DIM(H0,0.)
             IF(ET .LT. 1.) H0=ET*H0+(1.-ET)*4.343*ALOG(((1.+1.4142/R1)*
X             (1.+1.4142/R2))**2*(R1+R2)/(R1+R2+2.8284))
             IF(H0 .LE. 15. .OR. H0S .LT. 0.) GO TO 13
      12     H0=H0S
      13     H0S=H0
             TH=THA+D*GME
             ASCAT=AHD(TH*D)+4.343*ALOG(47.7*WN*TH**4)-
X             0.1*(ENS-301.)*EXP(-TH*D/40E3)+H0
      80     RETURN
             END

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FUNCTION AKNFE(V2)
C      KNIFE-EDGE DIFFRACTION
C      THE FRESNEL INTEGRAL AS A FUNCTION OF V**2
C
1      IF(V2 .GT. 5.76) GO TO 2
1      AKNFE=6.02+9.11*SQRT(V2)-1.27*V2
1      GO TO 8
2      AKNFE=12.953+4.343* ALOG(V2)
8      RETURN
END
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FUNCTION FHT(X,PK)
C   THE HEIGHT GAIN OVER A SMOOTH SPHERICAL EARTH, E.G. EHT
C   TO BE USED IN THE *THREE RADII* METHOD
C
C
IF(X .LT. 200.) GO TO 2
  FHT=0.05751*X-4.343*ALOG(X)
IF(X .GE. 2000.) GO TO 8
  W=0.0134*X*EXP(-0.005*X)
  FHT=(1.-W)*FHT+W*(17.372*ALOG(X)-117.)
GO TO 8
2   IF(PK .GT. 1.E-5) GO TO 3
    IF(X .GT. 1.) GO TO 4
    FHT=-117.
    GO TO 8
3   W=- ALOG(PK)
    IF(X*W**3 .GT. 5495.) GO TO 4
    FHT=2.5E-5*X**2/PK-8.686*W-15.
    GO TO 8
4   FHT=17.372*ALOG(X)-117.
8   RETURN
END

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