with measurements over a variety of radial paths containing forest, building, and snow cover (NTIA Technical Memorandum 82-80 by Kissick and Adams, limited distribution); (2) a complete study of the limits of WAGSLAB for long paths and high frequencies; (3) consideration of a switch from the integral equation approach to multiple knife-edge diffraction for long, rough paths; and (4) the addition of an additional height-gain function for the magnetic field which would be applicable to reception with loop antennas. The height-gain functions for the vertical electric field and the horizontal magnetic field are equal in free space, but are different within the slab medium. This difference has been observed experimentally in cities and forests at MF by Causebrook (1978b). In addition it might be possible after a comparison with measurements to improve the theory for the equivalent slab parameters for cities or to infer the equivalent parameters directly from measurements.

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